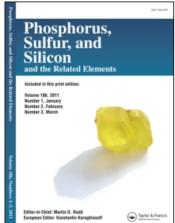
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Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713618290

A Comparative Study of the Cyclic Chlorophosphites with C₂-Symmetrical Organic Fragments as the Reagents for Enantiomeric Composition Control of the Chiral Alcohols

Alexander A. Bredikhin^a; Zemfira A. Bredikhina^a; Elena I. Strunskaya^a; Nail M. Azancheev^a
^a A.E. Arbuzov Institute of Organic & Physical Chemistry Kazan Scientific Centre of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Kazan, Russia

To cite this Article Bredikhin, Alexander A. , Bredikhina, Zemfira A. , Strunskaya, Elena I. and Azancheev, Nail M.(1999) 'A Comparative Study of the Cyclic Chlorophosphites with $\rm C_2$ -Symmetrical Organic Fragments as the Reagents for Enantiomeric Composition Control of the Chiral Alcohols', Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements, 147: 1, 41

To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/10426509908053501 URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/10426509908053501

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A Comparative Study of the Cyclic Chlorophosphites with C₂-Symmetrical Organic Fragments as the Reagents for Enantiomeric Composition Control of the Chiral Alcohols

ALEXANDER A. BREDIKHIN, ZEMFIRA A. BREDIKHINA, ELENA I. STRUNSKAYA and NAIL M. AZANCHEEV

A.E. Arbuzov Institute of Organic & Physical Chemistry Kazan Scientific Centre of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Kazan, 420088, Russia

The ³¹P NMR method is intensively used for enantiomeric composition control during the last years [1]. Among all other derivatizing agents the C₂-symmetrical ones have some advantages.

In the present communication the number of cyclic chlorophosphites <u>1a</u> - <u>1f</u> were investigated in the sequence of the following reactions with the uniform set of chiral alcohols R*OH:

The analysis of the diastereomeric composition of the compounds <u>2-4</u> by the ³¹P NMR reveals the original enantiomeric composition of the analysed R*OH. The P(III) derivatives <u>2</u> show the better diastereomeric shift dispersions than the P(IV) compounds. Based on the availability, easiness to handle, ³¹P NMR parameters, and diastereoselectivity we can recommend the reagents <u>1d</u> and <u>1e</u> for the practical use for express analysis of the enantiomeric excess of the chiral alcohols.

References

[1] R. Hulst, R.M. Kellogg, B.L. Feringa, Rec. trav. chim., 114, 115-138, (1995).